Teaching and Learning Policy



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1. <u>Aims of the School</u>

Wadebridge School aims to create a caring and stimulating environment in which high standards of learning and teaching are promoted and in which all students can achieve success.

We aim to develop in all students a sense of self-esteem, responsibility and mutual respect. In a rapidly changing world we aim to equip each student with a range of adaptable skills and the ability to make informed decisions.

2. <u>The Curriculum</u>

The curriculum is all the planned events that students experience in school. It can be considered as consisting of two parts: a formal curriculum which is delivered through structured activities taking place in the normal school day; a *hidden* curriculum which finds expression in the complex pattern of life at Wadebridge School and the richness of experience this affords to all.

The statements which follow are concerned only with the formal curriculum.

The school aims to provide a curriculum which contains enough breadth, balance and relevance to provide all students with a good general education, which is cohesive, progressive and differentiated so that it meets the needs of all children regardless of ability, race or gender. This curriculum should leave students well placed, with the appropriate qualifications to go on to further and higher education or into employment and training. In order to ensure that this is the case the school will attempt to ensure that:

- Curriculum Area Leaders see that these issues are reflected in the relevant schemes of work and departmental handbooks;
- an appropriate amount of time is devoted to each subject in the school timetable taking account of National Curriculum guidelines (see Curriculum Plan);
- regular review and modification of the curriculum takes place which takes account of changes to statutory requirements as well as other factors;
- the whole curriculum contains well-structured P.S.H.E., Careers Education, Citizenship and Sex & Relationship Education programmes;
- all students develop the key skills of literacy, numeracy, and ICT within and across the curriculum;

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- all students with special educational needs, including those of exceptional ability, are provided with a curriculum to suit their needs;
- staff receive appropriate professional development and training to deliver the curriculum effectively and to keep up to date with new educational practice;
- students are placed in teaching groups which best allow the implementation of the curriculum, taking account of age, ability, staffing, accommodation, and subject requirements;
- each class is taught in the best available accommodation which meets the demands of the curriculum;
- all students will be regularly assessed and appropriate information fed back to students and reported to parents;
- during Year 8 students and parents are provided with details of the alternative pathways and options available in Key Stage 4 and are provided with guidance on making choices for Years 9, 10 and 11 (see Key Stage 4 Prospectus);
- during Key Stage 4 students and parents are provided with details of the various options available post-16 and are provided with impartial guidance on making their choices;
- where appropriate external agencies and other community stakeholders are utilised;
- the work done in class is supplemented by the setting of appropriate homework;
- students' work is valued, feedback is provided promptly and constructively according to the school assessment policy;
- at appropriate points during each Key Stage students take the relevant internal and external examinations, the results of these are collated and analysed to help track pupils' progress, plan appropriate interventions and to evaluate performance;
- all students are expected to present work appropriately in all subjects, taking account of spelling, punctuation and grammar;
- lessons are managed so that the classroom environment is such that students feel safe and effective learning can take place.

3. Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural (SMSC)

SMSC across the curriculum is about how the school enables students to grow and flourish and become confident individuals so that they can appreciate their own worth and that of others. The climate and ethos of the school is key as well as the range of opportunities offered to students to develop their resilience and confidence. Students do have a strong sense of values and respect towards peers and those from the local community.

Dilemma based enquiry forms the basis of enrichment activities across the curriculum as well as the core curriculum. Students are encouraged to think about the rights of others' and how accepting and respecting others benefit the community as a whole.

Students engage with people from other cultures when the opportunity arises and value the needs of those less fortunate than themselves.

Personal insight and spiritual development are <u>implicit</u> within the school curriculum; all key areas promote self-awareness and reflection and spirituality is about open-mindedness, awareness, respect and understanding as well as being emotionally involved in an activity.

4. Fundamental British Values (FBV)

According to Ofsted Fundamental British Values (FBV) are:

- Democracy
- The rule of law
- Individual liberty and mutual respect
- Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

A school's duty to promote FBV was introduced as part of SMSC education in March 2015.

Through the provision of SMSC/FBV we

- enable students to distinguish right from wrong and to respect the civil and criminal law of England;
- encourage students to develop self-knowledge, self-esteem and self-confidence;
- encourage students to accept responsibility for their behaviour, show initiative, and to understand how they can contribute positively to the lives of those living and working in the locality of the school and society as a whole;
- further tolerance and harmony between different cultural traditions;
- encourage respect for other people;
- encourage respect for democracy and support for participation in the democratic processes; and
- enable students to acquire a broad general knowledge of and respect for public institutions and services.

This happens naturally through the delivery of the formal curriculum as well as Key Stage assemblies and enrichment activities such as SMSC/FBV days in Year 7.

5. The Curriculum Model

Year

7

English	Maths	Science	Languages	Geography	History	EPR	DT	PE	Music	Art	PHSE	IT 6%
14%	14%	10%	8%	8%	8%	4%	8%	8%	4%	4%	4%	11 0 /0

Year

8												
English	Maths	Science	Languages	Geog.	History	EPR	DT	PE	Music	Art	PHSE	
14%	14%	12%	10%	6%	6%	4%	8%	8%	4%	4%	4%	IT 6%

Year

9

English	Maths	Science	PE	EPR (RE)	PHSE	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
16%	16%	16%	8%	8%	4%	8%	8%	8%	8%

Year

10

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	English	Maths	Science	PE	EPR (RE)	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
	16%	16%	20%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%

Year

11

11								
English	Maths	Science	PE	EPR (RE)	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
16%	16%	20%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%

6. The Learning Environment

Learning can happen in any of three contexts: lessons, routines and events.

- Lessons these are planned experiences when learners are under the care and direction of teachers or other adults and work through a pre-determined scheme of work towards specific, often personalised learning goals. The vast majority of lessons will be planned, organised and delivered by fully qualified teachers, however, it should be noted that some lessons will be taken by adults other than teachers, e.g. guest speakers, trainee teachers, HLTAs, cover supervisors [see the School's policy on Cover Supervision].
- **Routines** these are regular occurrences in school when youngsters go about their school life whilst being influenced by the place and people they find themselves with, e.g. assemblies, tutor time, moving around the school, accessing the school library, doing homework.
- Events the School arranges events such as music and drama performances, Year Group residentials, Duke of Edinburgh expeditions, environment days and other curriculum enrichment days, sporting fixtures, field studies, work experience. All of these create opportunities for students to learn both curriculum content and / or develop personal qualities and attributes.

In each of these contexts young people learn well when the environment in which they find themselves is well ordered and well managed, where there is discipline, expectations are well defined and where there is clarity of purpose. Specific environments at school will vary depending on the curriculum content or characteristics that are being developed but each and every learning environment must be carefully planned in order to create a climate that it is safe and which maximises learning. Learning is a human process and relationships are pivotal for effective learning, learners must feel challenged but comfortable in expressing their own views, a climate for learning should be created where there is an ethos of mutual respect.

At Wadebridge School staff work hard to ensure that learning takes place in circumstances where:

- relationships are of the highest quality, individuals are respected and learners feel comfortable to offer their views and discuss issues with their teachers, other adults and their peers;
- facilities are well maintained and equipped with appropriate, modern learning apparatus and resources;
- Health & Safety issues are paramount and that both teachers and learners operate in a safe and secure environment;
- attention is paid to the physical environment to ensure that it is stimulating, this includes strategically displaying students' work together with other materials in order to enhance the learning environment;
- careful thought is given to the use of space and the arrangement of furniture;
- as far as possible the physical and emotional needs of all learners are accommodated.

7. Behaviour and Attitudes of Learners

If we want children to work for different purposes, with different audiences, using different skills and different approaches, then it becomes obvious that appropriate rules and behaviour have to be expected in each of the range of environments in which students learn.

At Wadebridge School we believe that an effective discipline structure should promote positive behaviour in order to encourage students to be responsible for their own behaviour and to become increasingly responsible for their own motivation and learning. All members of the school community have high expectations of the standards of behaviour. Expectations are clear and applied fairly and consistently. A comprehensive rewards system applies to all learners. We work in partnership with parents and carers encouraging them to take an active role in the learning process.

The school operates in an atmosphere of mutual respect where learners are expected to arrive at school and to lessons ready and eager to learn.

[See the School's Policy on Behaviour Management for more details]

8. Learning

There is a reasonable research consensus that information is received, processed and stored by the brain in two main forms: a word or linguistic form and a visual or imagery form. There is strong evidence to suggest that when learners use both their linguistic and visual processing powers, information is dual processed and therefore understood and recalled better. Furthermore, the creation of visual forms of representations is known to increase brain activity. Traditionally classrooms have been places where new information is presented mainly in a verbal or linguistic form. Activities can be designed to enhance the creation of non-linguistic representations, such activities include:

- Creating graphical representations;
- Making physical models;
- Generating mental pictures;
- Devising mind maps or concept maps;
- Drawing pictures or pictograms;
- Engaging in kinaesthetic activity.

At Wadebridge School teachers and other professionals understand that individuals are likely to learn most effectively in a variety of different ways. We recognise that learning can manifest itself in many forms and lessons are characterised by the variety of learning activities employed. Learning activities are selected to challenge and support learning of the students and may include:

- Investigation
- Experimentation
- Listening
- Observation
- Talking and discussion
- Asking questions
- Practical exploration and role play

- Retrieving information
- Imagining
- Repetition
- Problem-solving
- Making choices and decisionmaking

9. Assessment for Learning

Assessment is an integral part of teaching and learning at Wadebridge School and is essential to effective learning. It is an interactive process shared between teachers and learners using criteria which make clear what is required for each student to progress. It serves to inform long, medium and short-term planning. It is often useful to divide assessment into the two categories of 'formative' and 'summative'. Each plays a key role in helping pupils to raise their achievement and in guiding teachers in their lesson planning.

Assessment for Learning is more than simply marking and feeding back grades. It involves teachers in identifying the next steps for learning as well as responding to the errors students make and the difficulties they experience. Good quality assessment serves many purposes. It supports learning, improves standards, makes a positive impact on students' attitudes, improves motivation, provides diagnostic feedback, assists the teacher in evaluating the teaching programme and identifies subsequent action required to be taken by both the teacher and the student.

Essential to good Assessment for Learning are:

- The sharing of learning objectives with students
- Students' self and peer assessment
- Feedback to students to inform the next steps for learning
- Good planning teachers start with what they want students to learn and then decide what strategies and activities will best enable that learning. Planning should be learning led and not activity led.
- Lesson planning that helps teachers make clear to students what they are trying to learn, the relevance of the learning, the standards they are aiming for and how they can demonstrate achievement
- Lessons that have a clear structure so that students have opportunities to reflect on their learning and support each other as active learners

For further details refer to the School's Assessment Policy

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