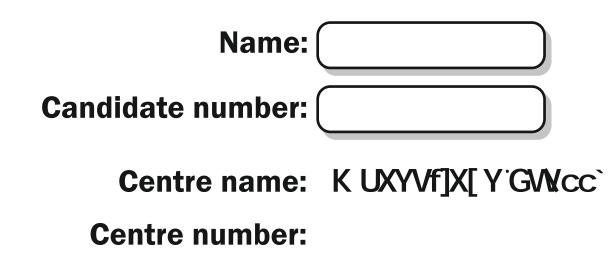


Controlled Assessment







In this section you need to;

- decide on a design problem (design brief)
- provide evidence about how you analysed the problem
- do some appropriate research
- determine the type of person you are designing for
- produce a list of criteria for your design ideas

Design brief:

Explain the context or background of your project in a paragraph.

Write up the Design Brief, make sure it fits one of the sample set by the examination board. You may add in any further detail to the brief - for example, if you chose design task 3 you may define which sporting or musical activity you have decided to focus on.

Analysis:

Produce a spider diagram using the main headings below (the ones in bold uppercase type) - branch off with each question under that heading and then branch off each question with your responses/considerations.

FUNCTION

- What does the product have to do?
- How would it work?
- What should it include or feature?

ENVIRONMENT

- Where is going to be used?
- What environments will it be used in?
- What external factors will affect the product? (eg forces it will be put under, weather, harsh environments etc.)

TARGET AUDIENCE

Who will it be aimed at? Age - gender - group of people?

MATERIALS

- What properties will the materials need to have?
- What materials may be suitable? why?

SURFACE FINISH

- What properties would be required from the surface finish of the product?
- What range of surface finishes may be required in different components of the product?

MANUFACTURING

- U What methods of production may be suitable for each of the above materials?
- U What scale of production should I design for?
- How could I make use of Computer Aided Manufacturing?

AESTHETICS

• What should the product be designed to look like?

Where or what could I look at to provide inspiration for the visual styling of the product?

SUSTAINABILITY

How could I minimise the impact on the environment whilst making this product?

SIZE LIMITATIONS

- Are there any limiting factors on size in the place where the product will be used?
- Are there any limiting factors on size in the place where the product will be stored?
- Are there any limiting factors on size due to the equipment and workshop facilities I have available?
- Are there any limiting factors on size relating to the people that will use it?

ERGONOMICS

- How will the product be used/operated by a human?
- What physical interactions will the user have with the product?
- How will the shape of product need to be designed to make it easy to use?
- U What range of sizes are the users likely to be? (Age, height, weight etc).

SAFETY

- How can the product be made safe to use?
- What safety features could be included in the product?

TIME

- What timescale do I have for the project?
- How can I manage my time throughout the project effectively?

Try and explain 'WHY' in all of the responses you give to each of the above questions!

Research:

Product Analysis of existing or similar products

Undertake a product analysis of 2 different products. Select products that are similar to the product you want to design. Take or find photographs (from different angles) of the products you have found.

Label all of the product features/parts/components.

Apply the following questions to both products: - do not copy the questions out just provide the answers - could be in a bulleted list or continuous writing that embeds the question in the response (eg Materials that have been used to make this product include...)

- \bigcirc \bigcirc Give a brief description of what the product is and what it's used for
- \bigcirc \bigcirc How is it used?
- \bigcirc \bigcirc How does it work?
- □ □ Is it easy/comfortable to use (ergonomics)?
- \bigcirc \bigcirc Comment on the (aesthetic) styling of the product.
- \bigcirc \bigcirc What materials have been used in the product?
- \Box \Box Can you identify how it's been made (manufacturing techniques)?
- □ □ Is the product designed with sustainability in mind? eg. Is it made from recycled/sustainable materials, are the materials recyclable, longevity (is it designed to last or is it disposable/have a limited lifespan), is it designed for disassembly at the end of its life cycle to aid recycling?
- \Box \Box How much does it cost?
- □ □ Are there parts/resources that need replacing during its lifetime?

Produce a short summary of the product analysis stating clearly how studying the two products may help you with your ideas.

Client/User interview

Conduct an interview with your client or a potential end user of the product you intend to design. Ask the following questions:

- How should the product work/what should it do?
- Where would you use it?
- □ Who would use it?
- What size should it be?
- What should it look like (shape, colour, styling, etc.)?
- What special features could be included?
- How much would you expect to pay for the product?
 - What materials do you think would be suitable?

Record the interview in the most appropriate way - you could simply list the response or alternatively record the interview using audio or video clips.

Research Plan:

Prepare a research plan that outlines the essential information that you will need to help solve your design problem - use the following columns in your table:

Essential information needed	Where I can find it	How will it help me?

NB. Only list things are essential to help you design your product. If you use books/magazines give a full reference. Website URLs should be given where possible as opposed to just suggesting 'the Internet'.

Give a clear explanation of how you think the information you find will help you solve your design problem and make your product.

Focussed research:

To make sure you are fully prepared to start designing your product you need to undertake investigation in the following areas:

- □ Technical details that are associated with your product
- □ Measurements of associated products/environments
- □ Parameters/constraints
- Ergonomics? Anthropometric data collection? (as appropriate)
- Environment where product would be used
- □ Consideration of aesthetics and functional requirements in relation to cultural diversity
- □ The work of professional designers how their work could influence your designs

Analysis of research:

Explain what you have learnt from each piece of focussed research

Summarise the relevance of focussed research and explain how it will be used

When reviewing your research make sure you cut out anything that later seems to be irrelevant or unnecessary.

Design	Spe	cific	catio	n:
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Use Specification Writing Framework to produce a clear and detailed list of criteria, that reflects the analysis undertaken.

Number each point in your specification for	use in a comparison	chart when you evaluate
your ideas.		

Speelfleation Writting Framework

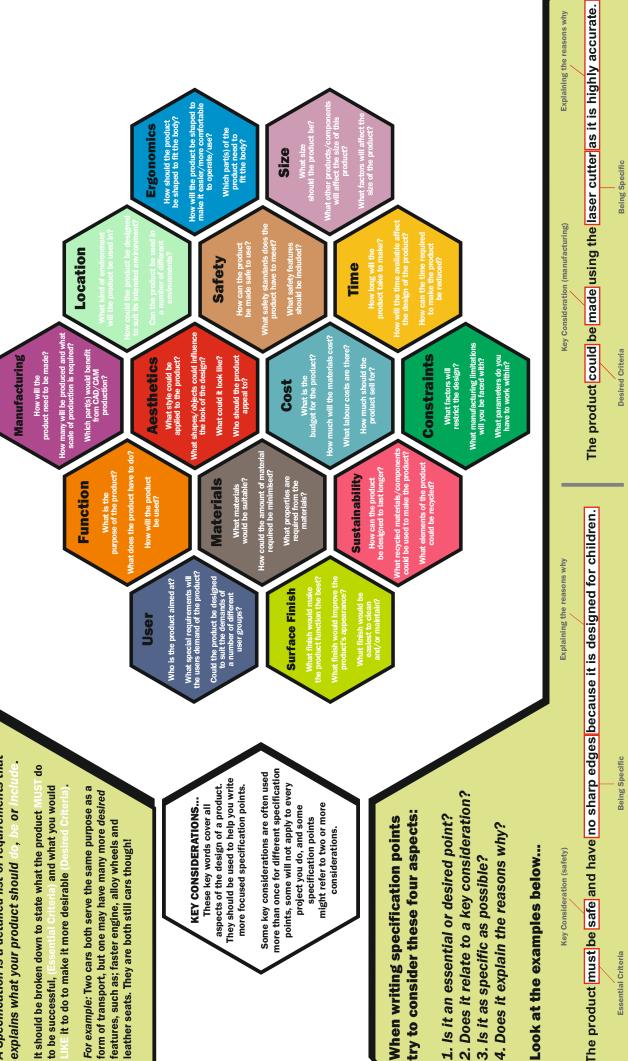
What is a Specification?

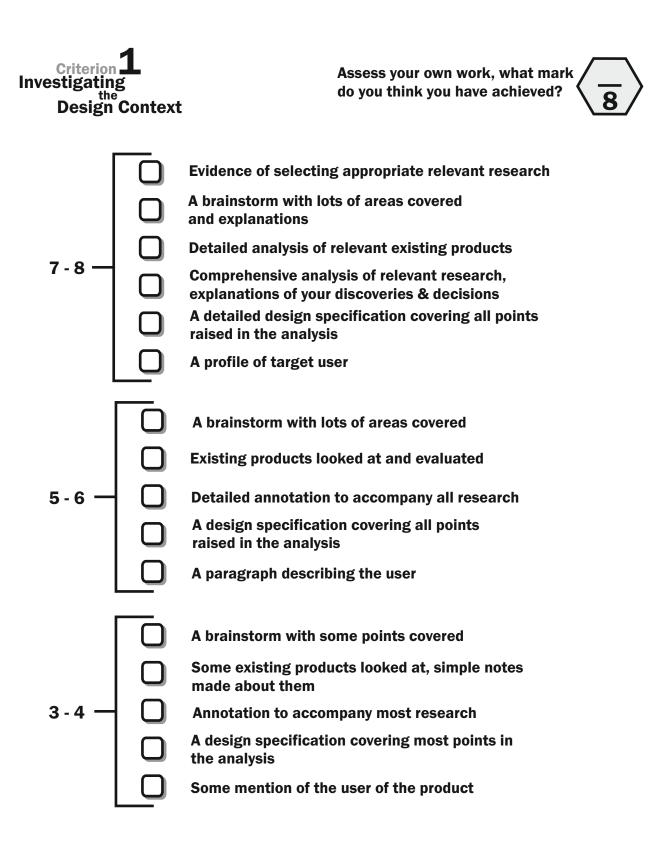
A Specification is a detailed list of requirements that

and what you would It should be broken down to state what the product IKE it to do to make it more desirable (Des to be successful,

form of transport, but one may have many more desired features, such as; faster engine, alloy wheels and leather seats. They are both still cars though!

2. Does it relate to a key consideration? 1. Is it an essential or desired point? 3. Is it as specific as possible?









In this section you need to;

- produce 6 imaginative designs
- develop 1 idea
- demonstrate evidence of environmental issues
- and batch production
- research processes and materials
- model the idea
- produce a manufacturing specification
- plan how you will make the product

Ideas:

Read your specification before starting each idea to make sure it fulfils all of the points.	
Add annotation to your idea to show how your design meets the specification.	

Look back over your research to make sure you use the information you have found to help produce your ideas. Add annotation to your idea to show how you used the research in your designs.

Produce at least 6 clear, distinctly different, creative proposals (not just variations on one idea!)

If you are struggling with ideas look more closely at existing or similar products to help inspire you. Styling references can be taken from ANY product - it could be a sports car, building, electronic device, natural forms etc.

Present using sketching - if you sketching is weak use drawing guides and where possible use 3 dimensional drawings (underlays/squared paper etc).

Produce clear, detailed annotation describing all the parts and functions of the product - always explain WHY...

Use modeling to communicate ideas - photograph and draw over if additional detail needs adding.

Selection of idea(s):

Evaluate ideas against specification points (consider using a chart like shown below)

	ldea 1	ldea 2	ldea 3	Idea 4	ldea 5	ldea 6
Spec point 1						
Spec point 2						
Spec point 3						

If the idea you have selected does not cover all the points of the specification make a note of the ones it doesn't fulfil. If you choose to develop this idea you must make sure you modify it to fulfil all points

Discuss your ideas and selection with end user/client, write up this discussion, with your user/clients comments

Detailed written comment must be provided for each idea including:

- What are the good features of the design?
- **What are the weaknesses?**
- How could it be made?
- Would there be any difficulties in making this product?
- How could it be improved?

At the end of your evaluation you should highlight which idea (or combination of ideas) you intend to develop and explain why you chose it.

Additional research:

Now you have chosen your idea to develop you need to consider other areas of research that will help you. E.g. if the idea you have selected is suitable to be made from wood and could be manufactured using CAD/CAM then you will need to research types of wood within your budget and what size of timber fits in the CAM machines - there's no need to research materials that are not being considered within the idea you have chosen to develop.

Again produce a research plan in a second table, detailing what you will research and how it will help you

Development of ideas:

This section is focused on adding more detail to your design idea.

Produce more detailed sketches showing how your idea has developed considering the following;

- **Changes to improve the function**
- Changes to improve how the product looks (styling, colour, graphics etc)
- Sizes of the product or parts (this may also be related to other products that yours has to work with - eg. If you were designing a docking station for an IPOD you would need to make sure your product takes the sizes of the IPOD, speakers and circuit boards into consideration)
- Constructional details including how parts will fit together and how each component will be made

Add annotation to explain the changes you have made

Identify any components you intend to use

Produce a model, a small scale prototype of your developed idea

Photograph your model and annotate the decisions made from it



Consider how the ideas you have produced will impact on other things, for example the environment

Eg. Is the product designed with sustainability in mind? eg. Is it made from recycled/sustainable materials, are the materials recyclable, longevity (is it designed to last or is it disposable/have a limited lifespan), is it designed for disassembly at the end of its life cycle to aid recycling?.

Produce detailed drawings of the final solution - CAD models - orthographic drawings etc that include dimensions. (The drawings you produce should show enough detail to enable someone else to make your product).

Your development should be recorded using detailed sketches that are neatly drawn using appropriate techniques...remember to use thick and thin line technique and colour rendering to enhance your drawings and how they communicate.

Planning for making:

Before beginning to make the product you need to consider the order in which you will do things and anticipate the materials/equipment you will need.

Produce a Cutting List showing the materials you will need, with dimensions

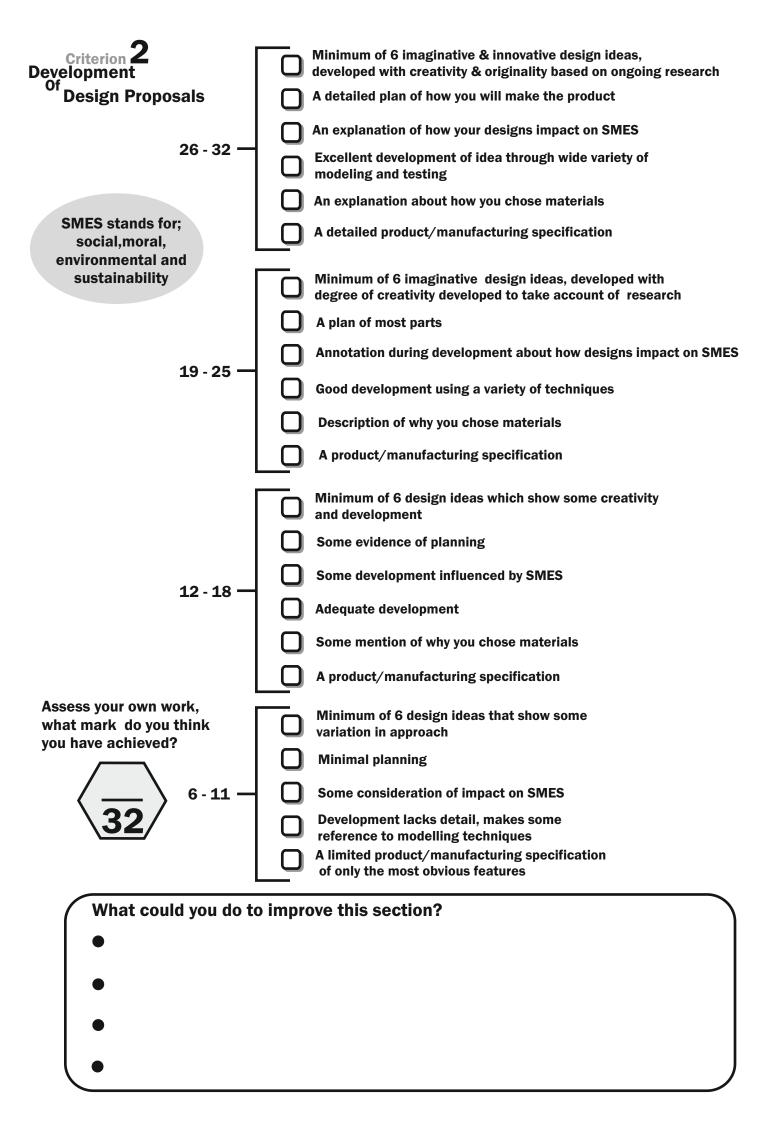
Produce a Flow Chart showing stages of production, you must devise a correct order for making the product and suggest stages where quality checks would be necessary

Product/Manufacturing Specification:

Produce a second specification focusing on the production of the product. Use the writing framework to support you.

Your specification should reflect the information you have generated during this section and focus mainly on the following areas;

- Manufacturing techniques (machines/equipment etc.)
- **Construction techniques (ways of joining materials)**
- O Materials
- **Finishes**
- Use of CAD software and CAM hardware
- Use of Jigs and templates for specific parts of manufacturing
- C Time
- **Quality checks**





In this section you need to demonstrate a high level of making, modeling and finishing skills, but also provide evidence of;

- how you selected tools, materials and processes
- quality checks made throughout the product
- how your product can be batch produced

Evidence of selecting tools, materials and technologies:

Photograph yourself selecting tools and explain why you chose those tools

Photograph yourself working with materials and explain why you chose those materials

Photograph yourself operating CAD/CAM equipment and explain why you chose them

C	
C	
C	

Evidence of Quality Control:

Record the Quality Checks you have made throughout practical sessions, produce a table like the one below to fill in throughout the project.

Part	Planned Measurement	Actual Measurement	Pass/Fail	Comment
4 legs	400mm	3x 400mm 1x 395mm	Faíl	The legs have to be the same size or the table will be wonky, so I will reduce the length of 3xlegs to 395mm

Write a paragraph about how you have achieved accuracy throughout the project. Mention the machines or tools you used to help you.

How can the product be commercially viable?

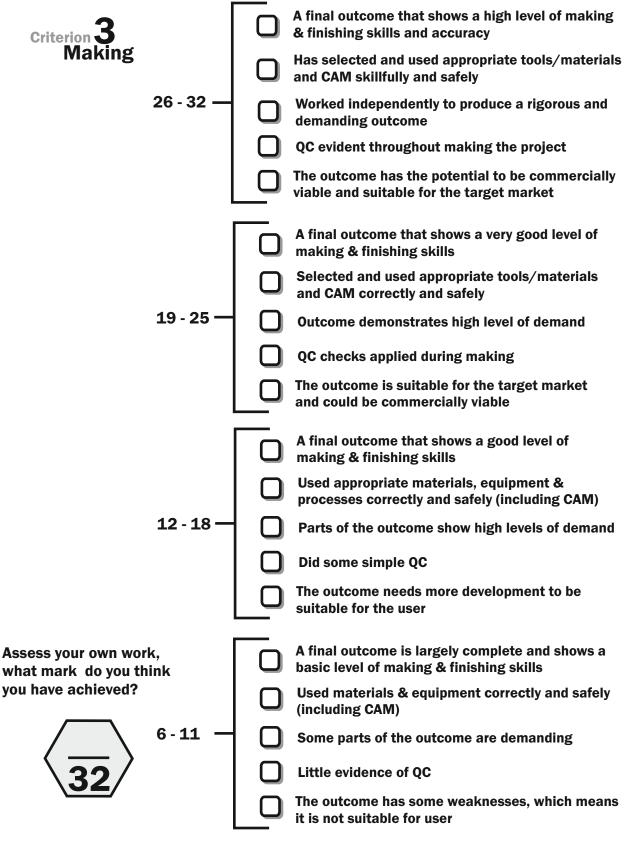
Write a paragraph about how you could batch produce your product, discuss which machines or processes would enable you to make many identical products.

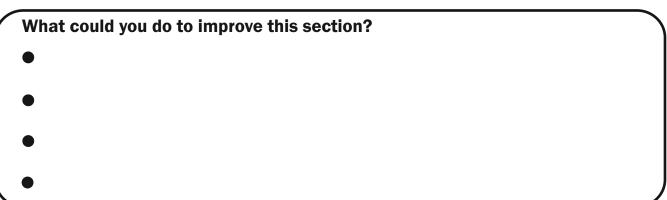
Photograph jigs and formers you have used to produce your product and annotate to explain the benefits.

Remember you need to do the following during practical lessons to achieve the higher levels;

Work independently

Show a high level of making and finishing skills









In this section you need to;

- show how you have tested throughout the whole of the design and making process

- test the final product
- evaluate the final product

Modifications:

Photograph you making changes to your product as a result of testing throughout the	
making process. Annotate to explain the test and changes.	

Testing:

Test your product by using it. Photograph you testing it and write an account of the	
experience.	

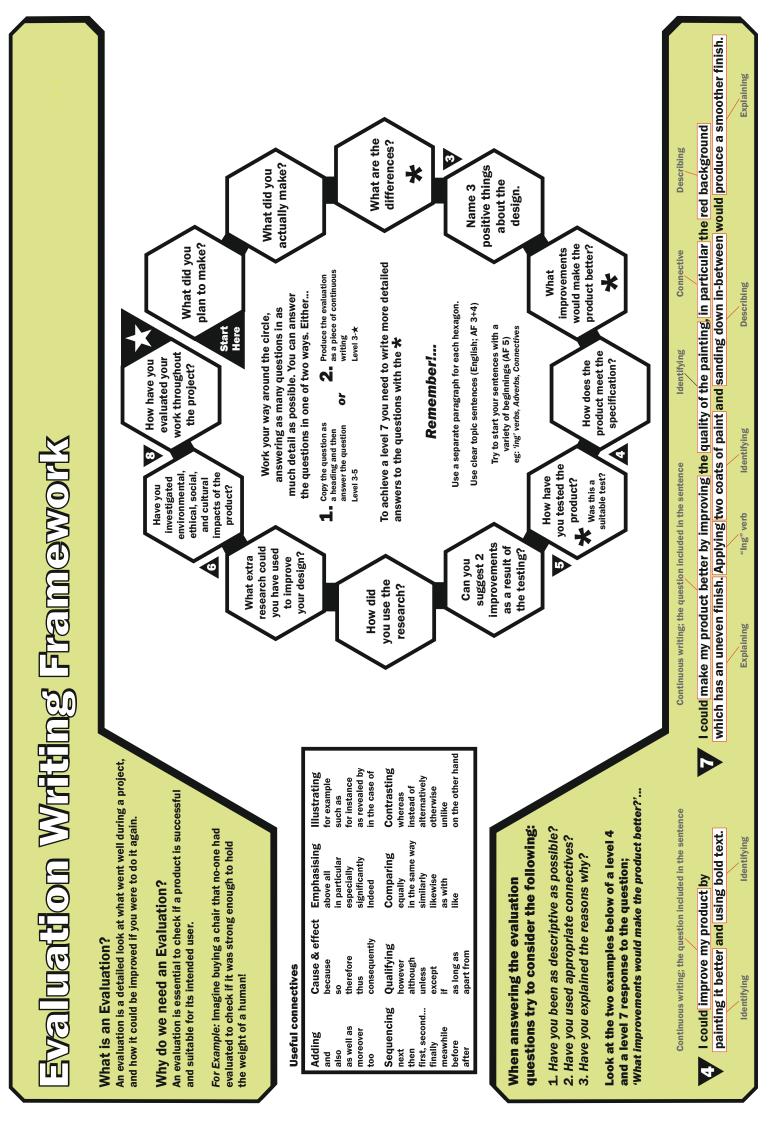
Show the product to your intended user/client and ask them to test it. Present photographs of them using it and write a summary of their response.

Evaluation:

Compare the product against each point of the specification. Again this could be done with a comparison chart like you used when you evaluated your ideas.

Use the Evaluation Writing Framework - make sure you produce it in report format using continuous writing - do not copy questions then answer - embed the question in the start of each paragraph by rewording the question.

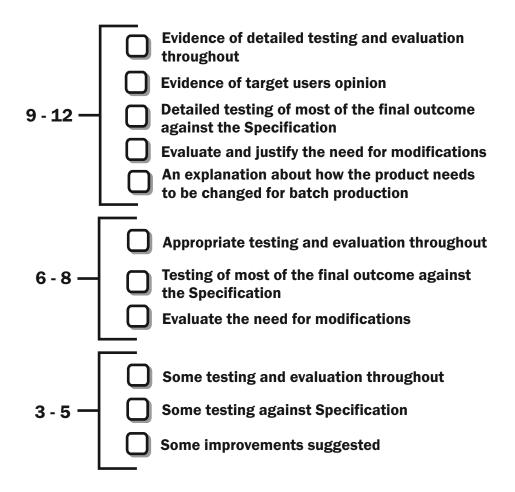
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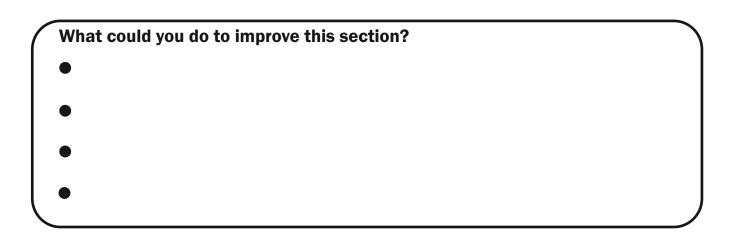




Assess your own work, what mark do you think you have achieved?











In this section you will be marked on;

- decisions about what to include in your folder
- technical language
- grammar, punctuation and spelling

Folder Content:

Go through the folder and check that you have only included information that is
relevant to the project. Remove any work that is; not annotated, repeated or
irrelevant.

Language:

Check your annotation makes sense, read through it (ask someone else to read through it) is it clear? Have you used the correct technical language (the right names for tools and processes)

Grammar, punctuation and spelling:

Spell check word processed work.

Check your own work (and ask someone else to check) for grammar, punctuation and spelling mistakes.

Folder is focused, concise & relevant and shows thought about what has been included

All decisions communicated in clear and coherent manner with appropriate technical language

Text is legible, easily understood, good grasp of grammar, punctuation and spelling



3 - 4

Folder has some good choices about what is included (but has some irrelevant content)

Most decisions communicated with some clarity with some technical language

Small errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling

what mark do you think you have achieved?

Assess your own work,



